CHAPTER 88

INSURANCE REGULATION AND WORKERS' COMPENSATION H.F. 495

AN ACT relating to regulation of insurance, including the authority of the division to regulate certain policies and contracts and the parties to such policies and contracts, establishing fees, and providing a penalty.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

Section 1. Section 85.61, subsection 11, unnumbered paragraph 3, Code 1993, is amended to read as follows:

"Worker" or "employee" includes a basic emergency medical care provider as defined in section 147.1, or an advanced emergency medical care provider as defined in section 147A.1, a volunteer ambulance driver, or an emergency medical technician trainee, only if an agreement is reached between the basic or advanced emergency medical eare provider such worker or employee and the employer for whom the volunteer services are provided that workers' compensation coverage under chapters 85, 85A, and 85B is to be provided by the employer. A basic or advanced emergency medical care provider who is a worker or employee under this paragraph is not a casual employee. "Volunteer ambulance driver" means a person performing services as a volunteer ambulance driver at the request of the person in charge of a fire department or ambulance service of a municipality. "Emergency medical technician trainee" means a person enrolled in and training for emergency medical technician certification.

- Sec. 2. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 87.23A INSURANCE TRADE PRACTICES COVERED. A workers' compensation coverage plan regulated under this chapter shall be considered a person for purposes of chapter 507B.
- Sec. 3. Section 505.7, Code 1993, is amended by adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 7. The insurance division shall, by January 15 of each year, prepare estimates of projected receipts, refunds, and reimbursements to be generated by the examinations function of the division during the calendar year in which the report is due, and such receipts, refunds, and reimbursements shall be treated in the same manner as repayment receipts, as defined in section 8.2, subsection 8, and shall be available to the division to pay the expenses of the division's examination function.
- Sec. 4. Section 507B.4, subsection 1, Code 1993, is amended by adding the following new paragraph:
- NEW PARAGRAPH. j. Is a misrepresentation, including any intentional misquote of premium rate, for the purpose of inducing or tending to induce the purchase of an insurance policy.
- Sec. 5. Section 507C.3, Code 1993, is amended by adding the following new subsection: NEW SUBSECTION. 6. Prepaid health care delivery plans which are regulated by the commissioner.
 - Sec. 6. Section 507C.14, subsection 3, Code 1993, is amended by striking the subsection.
- Sec. 7. Section 507C.26, Code 1993, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

 NEW SUBSECTION. 4. A person receiving property from an insurer or any benefit from an insurer which is a fraudulent transfer under subsection 1 is personally liable for the property or benefit and shall account to the liquidator.
- Sec. 8. Section 507C.42, subsections 3 and 4, Code 1993, are amended to read as follows: 3. CLASS 3. Claims under policies, including claims of the federal or any state or local government, for losses incurred, including third-party claims, claims against the insurer for liability for bodily injury or for injury to or destruction of tangible property which are not under

policies, and claims of a guaranty association or foreign guaranty association. Claims under nonassessable policies for unearned premium. Claims under life insurance and annuity policies, whether for death proceeds, annuity proceeds, or investment values shall be treated as loss claims. That portion of a loss, indemnification for which is provided by other benefits or advantages recovered by the claimant, shall not be included in this class, other than benefits or advantages recovered or recoverable in discharge of familial obligations of support or by way of succession at death or as proceeds of life insurance, or as gratuities. A payment by an employer to an employee is not a gratuity.

- 4. CLASS 4. Premium refunds, claims Claims of general creditors, including claims of ceding and assuming reinsurers in their capacity as such, and subrogation claims.
 - Sec. 9. Section 509A.14, subsection 2, Code 1993, is amended by striking the subsection.
 - Sec. 10. Section 509A.15, subsection 1, Code 1993, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. Within ninety days following the end of a fiscal year, the governing body of a self-insurance plan of a political subdivision or a school corporation shall file with the commissioner of insurance a certificate of compliance, actuarial opinion, and an annual financial report. The eertificate of compliance filing shall be accompanied by a filing fee of one hundred dollars. A penalty of fifteen dollars per day shall be assessed for failure to comply with the ninety-day filing requirement, except that the commissioner may waive the penalty upon a showing that special circumstances exist which justify the waiver. The certificate shall be signed and dated by the appropriate public official representing the governing body, and shall certify the following:
- a. That the plan meets the requirements of this chapter and the applicable provisions of the Iowa administrative code.
- b. That an actuarial opinion has been attached to the certificate which attests to the adequacy of reserves, rates, and financial condition of the plan. The actuarial opinion shall be issued by a fellow of the society of actuaries. The actuarial opinion must include, but is not limited to, a brief commentary about the adequacy of the reserves, rates, and the financial condition of the plan, a test of the prior year claim reserve, a brief description of how the reserves were calculated, and whether or not the plan is able to cover all reasonably anticipated expenses. The actuarial opinion shall be prepared, signed, and dated by a person who is a member of the American academy of actuaries. If necessary, the actuary should assist the public body in preparing the annual financial report. The annual financial report shall be in a format as prescribed by the commissioner.
- c. That a written complaint procedure has been implemented. The certificate shall also list the number of complaints filed by participants under the written complaint procedure, and the percentage of participants filing written complaints, in the prior fiscal year.
- d. That the governing body has contracted or otherwise arranged with a third party for plan administration third-party administrator who holds a current certificate of registration issued by the commissioner pursuant to section 510.21, or with a person not required to obtain the certificate as an administrator as defined in section 510.11, subsection 1.
- Sec. 11. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 510.5A UNFAIR COMPETITION OR UNFAIR AND DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES PROHIBITED.

A managing general agent is subject to chapter 507B relating to unfair insurance trade practices.

Sec. 12. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> 510.23 UNFAIR COMPETITION OR UNFAIR AND DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES PROHIBITED.

An administrator is subject to chapter 507B relating to unfair insurance trade practices.

Sec. 13. NEW SECTION. 510A.6 PENALTIES.

1. If the commissioner believes that a controlling producer or any other person subject to this chapter has not materially complied with this chapter, or any rule adopted or order issued pursuant to this chapter, after notice and opportunity to be heard, the commissioner may order the controlling producer to cease placing business with the controlled insurer. Additionally,

if the commissioner finds that because of such noncompliance the controlled insurer or any policyholder of the controlled insurer has suffered any loss or damage, the commissioner may maintain a civil action or intervene in an action brought by or on behalf of the insurer or policyholder for recovery of compensatory damages for the benefit of the insurer or policyholder, or for other appropriate relief.

- 2. If an order for liquidation or rehabilitation of the controlled insurer has been entered pursuant to chapter 507C, and the receiver appointed under that order believes that the controlling producer or any other person has not materially complied with this chapter, or any rule adopted or order issued pursuant to this chapter, and that the insurer suffered any loss or damage as a result of the noncompliance, the receiver may maintain a civil action for recovery of damages or other appropriate sanctions for the benefit of the insurer.
- 3. This section shall not be construed to affect or limit the right of the commissioner to impose any other penalties, as appropriate, which the commissioner is authorized to impose.
- 4. This section shall not be construed to affect or limit the rights of policyholders, claimants, creditors, or other third parties.

Sec. 14. NEW SECTION. 512B.21A REQUIRED RESERVES.

A society incorporated on or after July 1, 1993, shall have in cash, or in securities which are authorized for investment purposes for insurance companies pursuant to section 512B.21, surplus in an amount not less than five million dollars.

Sec. 15. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. 513A.7 UNFAIR COMPETITION OR UNFAIR AND DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES PROHIBITED.

A third-party payor of health care benefits is subject to chapter 507B relating to unfair insurance trade practices.

Sec. 16. Section 514B.32, Code 1993, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 4. A health maintenance organization authorized under this chapter shall be considered a person for purposes of chapter 507B.

Sec. 17. Section 515.81A, Code 1993, is amended to read as follows: 515.81A CANCELLATION OF COMMERCIAL LINES POLICIES OR CONTRACTS.

- 1. A commercial line policy or contract of insurance, except a policy or contract for crop hail or multiperil <u>crop</u> insurance, which has not been previously renewed may be canceled by the insurer if it has been in effect for less than sixty days at the time notice of cancellation is mailed or delivered.
- 2. A commercial line policy or contract of insurance, except a policy or contract for crop hail or multiperil <u>crop</u> insurance, which has been renewed or which has been in effect for more than sixty days shall not be canceled unless at least one of the following conditions occurs:
 - a. Nonpayment of premium.
- b. Misrepresentation or fraud made by or with the knowledge of the insured in obtaining the policy or contract, when renewing the policy or contract, or in presenting a claim under the policy or contract.
 - c. Actions by the insured which substantially change or increase the risk insured.
- d. Determination by the commissioner that the continuation of the policy will jeopardize the insurer's solvency or will constitute a violation of the law of this or any other state.
- e. The insured has acted in a manner which the insured knew or should have known was in violation or breach of a policy or contract term or condition.
- 3. A commercial line policy or contract of insurance, except a policy or contract for crop hail or multiperil <u>crop</u> insurance, may be canceled at any time if the insurer loses reinsurance coverage which provides coverage to the insurer for a significant portion of the underlying risk insured and if the commissioner determines that cancellation because of loss of reinsurance coverage is justified. In determining whether a cancellation because of loss of reinsurance coverage is justified, the commissioner shall consider all of the following factors:
 - a. The volatility of the premiums charged for reinsurance in the market.

- b. The number of reinsurers in the market.
- c. The variance in the premiums for reinsurance offered by the reinsurers in the market.
- d. The attempt by the insurer to obtain alternate reinsurance.
- e. Any other factors deemed necessary by the commissioner.
- 4. A commercial line policy or contract of insurance, except a policy or contract for crop hail or multiperil crop insurance, shall not be canceled except by notice to the insured as provided in this subsection. A notice of cancellation shall include the reason for cancellation of the policy or contract. A notice of cancellation is not effective unless mailed or delivered to the named insured and a loss payee at least ten days prior to the effective date of cancellation, or if the cancellation is because of loss of reinsurance, at least thirty days prior to the effective date of cancellation. A post office department certificate of mailing to the named insured at the address shown in the policy or contract is proof of receipt of the mailing; however, such a certificate of mailing is not required if cancellation is for nonpayment of premium.

Sec. 18. NEW SECTION. 515.130 REBATES PROHIBITED.

An insurance company or an employee of the insurance company, or an agent, shall not pay, allow, or give, or offer to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as an inducement to purchase or acquire insurance or after insurance has been effected, any rebate, discount, abatement, credit, or reduction of the premium named in a policy of insurance, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends or other benefits to accrue on the policy, or any valuable consideration or inducement, not specified in the policy, except to the extent provided for in an applicable filing. An insured named in a policy, or an employee of the insured, shall not knowingly receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any rebate, discount, abatement, credit, or reduction of premium, or any such special favor or advantage or valuable consideration or inducement.

This section shall not be construed to prohibit the payment of commissions or other compensation to duly licensed agents, or to prohibit any insurer from allowing or returning to its participating policyholders, members, or subscribers, dividends, savings, or unabsorbed premium deposits. As used in this section, "insurance" includes suretyship and "policy" includes bond.

Sec. 19. Section 515.147, Code 1993, is amended to read as follows: 515.147 BUSINESS WITH NONADMITTED INSURERS.

This chapter does not prevent a licensed resident or nonresident agent of this state, qualified to write excess and surplus lines insurance, from procuring insurance in certain nonadmitted insurers if such insurance is restricted to the type and kind of insurance authorized by this chapter, excluding insurance authorized under section 515.48, subsection 5, paragraph "a", and the agent makes oath to the commissioner of insurance in the form prescribed by the commissioner that the agent has made diligent effort to place the insurance in authorized insurers and has either exhausted the capacity of all authorized insurers or has been unable to obtain the desired insurance in insurers licensed to transact business in this state. The procuring of a contract of insurance in a nonadmitted insurer makes the insurer liable for, and the agent shall pay, the taxes on the premiums as if the insurer were duly authorized to transact business in the state. A sworn report of all business transacted by agents of this state in nonadmitted insurers shall be made to the commissioner of insurance on or before March 1 of each year for the preceding calendar year, on the form required by the commissioner of insurance. The report shall be accompanied by a remittance to cover the taxes on the premiums. An agent who makes the oath, pays the taxes on the premiums, and files the report has not written such contracts of insurance unlawfully, and is not personally liable for the contracts.

Sec. 20. Section 515A.4, Code 1993, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

NEW SUBSECTION. 9. If a hearing is requested pursuant to section 515A.6, subsection 7, a filing shall not take effect until thirty days after formal approval is given by the commissioner.

Sec. 21. Section 515A.16, Code 1993, is amended to read as follows:

515A.16 REBATES PROHIBITED PREMIUMS.

No An agent shall not knowingly charge, demand, or receive a premium for any policy of insurance except in accordance with the provisions of this chapter. No insurer or employee thereof, and no agent, shall pay, allow, or give, or offer to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as an inducement to insurance or after insurance has been effected, any rebate, discount, abatement, eredit or reduction of the premium named in a policy of insurance, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends or other benefits to accrue thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever, not specified in the policy of insurance, except to the extent provided for in an applicable filing. No insured named in a policy of insurance, nor any employee of such insured shall knowingly receive or accept, directly or indirectly, any such rebate, discount, abatement, credit or reduction of premium, or any such special favor or advantage or valuable consideration or inducement.

Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting the payment of commissions or other compensation to duly licensed agents, nor as prohibiting any insurer from allowing or returning to its participating policyholders, members or subscribers, dividends, savings or unabsorbed premium deposits. As used in this section the word "insurance" includes suretyship and the word "policy" includes bond.

- Sec. 22. Section 515B.2, subsection 3, Code 1993, is amended to read as follows:
- 3. a. "Covered claim" means an unpaid claim, including one for unearned premiums, which arises out of and is within the coverage and is subject to the applicable limits of an insurance policy to which this chapter applies issued by an insurer, if such insurer becomes an insolvent insurer after July 1. 1970, and one of the following conditions exists:
- (1) The claimant or insured is a resident of this state at the time of the insured event. Other than an individual, the residence of the claimant or insured is the state in which its principal place of business is located.
- (2) The claim is one a first party claim by an insured for damage to property permanently located in this state.
 - b. "Covered claim" does not include any amount as follows:
- (1) That is due any reinsurer, insurer, insurance pool, underwriting association, or other group assuming insurance risks, as subrogation, contribution, or indemnity recoveries, or otherwise.
- (2) That constitutes the portion of a claim that is within an insured's deductible or self-insured retention.
- (3) That is a claim for unearned premium calculated on a retrospective basis, experiencerated plan, or premium subject to adjustment after termination of the policy.
- (4) That is due an attorney, adjuster, or witness as fees for services rendered to the insolvent insurer.
 - (5) That is a fine, penalty, interest, or punitive or exemplary damages.
- (6) That constitutes a claim under a policy issued by an insolvent insurer with a deductible or self-insured retention of two hundred thousand dollars or more. However, such a claim shall be considered a covered claim, if as of the deadline set for the filing of claims against the insolvent insurer of its liquidator, the insured is a debtor under 11 U.S.C. § 701 et seq.
- (7) That would otherwise be a covered claim, but is an obligation to or on behalf of a person who has a net worth, on the date of the occurrence giving rise to the claim, greater than that allowed by the guarantee fund law of the state of residence of the claimant, and which state has denied coverage to that claimant on that basis.
- (8) That is an obligation owed to or on behalf of an affiliate of, as defined in section 521A.1, an insolvent insurer.

Notwithstanding the subparagraphs of this lettered paragraph, a person is not prevented from presenting a noncovered claim to the insolvent insurer or its liquidator, but the noncovered claim shall not be asserted against any other person, including the person to whom benefits were paid or the insured of the insolvent insurer, except to the extent that the claim is outside the coverage of the policy issued by the insolvent insurer.

Sec. 23. Section 515B.17, Code 1993, is amended to read as follows: 515B.17 TIMELY FILING OF CLAIMS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a covered claim shall not include any claim filed with the association after the final date set by the court for the filing of claims against the insolvent insurer or its receiver. However the association may waive the requirement of this section when in its discretion the claim was not timely presented due to circumstances beyond the control of the person having the claim.

Sec. 24. Section 515C.7, Code 1993, is amended to read as follows:

515C.7 RATE-MAKING PROVISIONS.

Mortgage guaranty insurance shall be subject to the provisions of chapter $\frac{515A}{515F}$, for the purposes of rate making.

Sec. 25. Section 515E.10, Code 1993, is amended by adding the following new unnumbered paragraph:

NEW UNNUMBERED PARAGRAPH. A risk retention group or purchasing group operating under this chapter shall be considered a person for purposes of chapter 507B.

Sec. 26. Section 521A.3, subsection 4, Code 1993, is amended by adding the following new paragraph:

NEW PARAGRAPH. c. The commissioner may retain any attorneys, actuaries, accountants, and other experts not otherwise a part of the commissioner's staff as may be reasonably necessary to assist the commissioner in reviewing the proposed merger or acquisition of control, the reasonable cost of which shall be paid by the acquiring party.

- Sec. 27. Section 521A.5, subsection 1, paragraph a, subparagraph (5), Code 1993, is amended to read as follows:
- (5) After any material transaction with an affiliate and after any dividends or distributions to shareholder affiliates, the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders shall be reasonable in relation to the insurer's outstanding liabilities and adequate to its financial needs.
- Sec. 28. Section 521A.5, subsection 1, paragraphs b and c, Code 1993, are amended to read as follows:
- b. A domestic insurer and a person in its holding company system shall not enter into any of the following transactions between each other involving amounts equal to or exceeding the lesser of five three percent of the a nonlife insurer's admitted assets or twenty-five percent of the surplus as regards policyholders with respect to nonlife insurers, and equal to or exceeding three percent of the insurer's admitted assets with respect to life insurers, each as of the next preceding December 31, unless the domestic insurer notifies the commissioner in writing of its intention to enter into the transaction at least thirty days prior to entering into the transaction or within a shorter time permitted by the commissioner and the commissioner has not disapproved of the transaction within the time period:
 - (1) Sales.
 - (2) Purchases.
 - (3) Exchanges.
 - (4) Loans or extensions of credit.
 - (5) Guarantees.
 - (6) Investments.
- (7) Loans or extensions of credit to a person who is not an affiliate, if the domestic insurer makes the loans or extensions of credit with the agreement or understanding that the proceeds of the transactions, in whole or in substantial part, are to be used to make loans or extensions of credit to, to purchase assets of, or to make investments in, an affiliate of the domestic insurer making the loans or extensions of credit.
- c. A domestic insurer and a person in its holding company system shall not enter into any of the following transactions, unless the domestic insurer notifies the commissioner in writing of its intention to enter into the transaction at least thirty days prior to entering into the

transaction or within a shorter time permitted by the commissioner and the commissioner has not disapproved of the transaction within the time period:

- (1) All reinsurance agreements which in the aggregate will or may require as consideration the net transfer of assets to or by the domestic insurer in an amount, as of the next preceding December 31, exceeding twenty five percent of statutory surplus or modifications to such agreements in which the reinsurance premium or a change in the insurer's liabilities equals or exceeds five percent of the insurer's surplus as regards policyholders, as of the next preceding December 31, including those agreements which may require as consideration the transfer of assets from an insurer to a nonaffiliate, if an agreement or understanding exists between the insurer and nonaffiliate that any portion of such assets will be transferred to one or more affiliates of the insurer.
- (2) All management agreements, service contracts, and all other cost-sharing arrangements involving at least one-half of one percent of the insurer's surplus as of the next preceding December 31.
- (3) Any material transactions specified by rule which the commissioner determines may adversely affect the interests of the domestic insurer's policyholders.
- Sec. 29. Section 521A.5, subsection 2, Code 1993, is amended by adding the following new paragraph:

NEW PARAGRAPH. k. The quality of the company's earnings and the extent to which the reported earnings include extraordinary items.

- Sec. 30. Section 521A.5, subsection 3, Code 1993, is amended by striking the subsection and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
 - 3. DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS.
- A domestic insurer may declare and pay dividends to its shareholders only from earned surplus.

For the purposes of this paragraph, "earned surplus" means surplus as regards policyholders less paid-in and contributed surplus, and may include a fair revaluation of assets by the board of directors that is reasonable under the circumstances. Assets revalued by the board of directors cannot be included in earned surplus until thirty days after the commissioner has received notice of the revaluation and has approved the revaluation. The commissioner shall approve or disapprove the revaluation within thirty days after receiving notice of the revaluation unless for good cause the commissioner extends the approval period for an additional thirty days.

b. A domestic insurer shall not pay any extraordinary dividend or make any other extraordinary distribution to its shareholders until thirty days after the commissioner has received notice of the declaration of the dividend or distribution and has not disapproved such payment within the period, or until the time the commissioner has approved the payment within the thirty-day period.

For purposes of this paragraph, an "extraordinary dividend or distribution" includes any dividend or distribution of cash or other property, whose fair market value together with that of other dividends or distributions made within the preceding twelve months exceeds the greater of the following:

- (1) Ten percent of insurer's surplus as regards policyholders as of the thirty-first day of December next preceding.
- (2) The net gain from operations of the insurer, if the insurer is a life insurer, or the net investment income, if the insurer is not a life insurer, for the twelve-month period ending the thirty-first day of December next preceding.

An extraordinary dividend or distribution does not include pro rata distributions of any class of the insurer's own securities.

c. A domestic insurer subject to registration under section 521A.4 shall report to the commissioner all dividends to shareholders within five business days following the declaration of the dividends and not less than fourteen days prior to the payment of the dividends. This report shall also include a schedule setting forth all dividends or other distributions made within the previous twelve months.

- d. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a domestic insurer may declare an extraordinary dividend or distribution which is conditional upon the commissioner's approval of the dividend or distribution. Such declaration does not confer any rights upon shareholders until the commissioner has approved the payment of the dividend or distribution or the commissioner has not disapproved the payment within the thirty-day period as provided in paragraph "b".
 - Sec. 31. Section 521A.7, Code 1993, is amended to read as follows: 521A.7 CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT.

All information, documents and copies thereof obtained by or disclosed to the commissioner or any other person in the course of an examination or investigation made pursuant to section 521A.6 and all information reported pursuant to section sections 521A.4 and 521A.5, shall be given confidential treatment and shall not be subject to subpoena and shall not be made public by the commissioner or any other person, except to insurance departments of other states, without the prior written consent of the insurer to which it pertains unless the commissioner, after giving the insurer and its affiliates who would be affected thereby, notice and opportunity to be heard, determines that the interests of policyholders, shareholders or the public will be served by the publication thereof, in which event the commissioner may publish all or any part thereof in such manner as the commissioner may deem appropriate.

Sec. 32. Section 522.2, Code 1993, is amended to read as follows: 522.2 TERM OF LICENSE.

A license is valid for one year three years.

- Sec. 33. WORKERS' COMPENSATION MARKET MONITORING. The commissioner of insurance shall monitor the residual and assigned risks markets for workers' compensation coverage. The commissioner shall monitor, at a minimum, the effect of the residual and assigned risks markets on the volume of coverage written in the voluntary market.
- Sec. 34. 1990 Iowa Acts, chapter 1234, section 76, as amended by 1991 Iowa Acts, chapter 213, section 35, and 1992 Iowa Acts, chapter 1162, section 51, is repealed.

Approved May 3, 1993

CHAPTER 89

PUBLIC BONDS AND OBLIGATIONS — RECORDS — LIMITATION OF ACTIONS $H.F.\ 579$

AN ACT relating to the disposition of documents pertaining to the issuance of certain bonds or obligations.

Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Iowa:

- Section 1. Section 76.10, Code 1993, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

 NEW SUBSECTION. 7. a. Records and documents pertaining to cancellation, transfer, redemption, or replacement of public bonds or obligations shall be preserved by the issuer or its agent for a period of not less than eleven years. Thereafter, the records and documents may be destroyed by the issuer or its agent, preserving confidentiality as necessary.
- b. An action with respect to the cancellation, transfer, redemption, or replacement of public bonds or obligations shall not be brought against an issuer, trustee, transfer agent, registrar, depository, paying agent, or other agent unless it is commenced within eleven years of the cancellation, transfer, redemption, or replacement of the bonds or obligations.